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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/856,296	07/13/2001	Tsutomu Minami	2001-0631A	6695	
513	7590 08/12/2003				
WENDEROTH, LIND & PONACK, L.L.P.			EXAMINER		
2033 K STRE SUITE 800		JOHNSON, EDWARD M			
WASHINGTON, DC 20006-1021			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1754	フ	
		•	DATE MAILED: 08/12/2003	•	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.		Applicant(s)				
•		09/856,296		MINAMI ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit				
		Edward M. John	son	1754				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cove	r sheet with the c	orrespondence add	iress			
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu - Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.15 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, how y within the statutory minuil apply and will expire , cause the application t	ever, may a reply be tim nimum of thirty (30) days SIX (6) MONTHS from to become ABANDONED	ely filed will be considered timely the mailing date of this co (35 U.S.C. § 133).	mmunication.			
1)🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 J	luly 2001 .						
2a) <u></u> ☐	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ Th	is action is non-f	inal.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowardlosed in accordance with the practice under				e merits is			
· · _	on of Claims							
	Claim(s) <u>1-9</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray	wn from consider	ation.					
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
	Claim(s) <u>1-9</u> is/are rejected.							
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	1						
Applicati —	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or on Papers	·	ment.					
•	The specification is objected to by the Examine							
10)[	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accept	1						
44) 🗆 -	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	1						
11)[]	The proposed drawing correction filed on			ved by the Examine	r.			
12\□ -	If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	-	tion.					
		armner.						
	Inder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
_	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 38	o U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).				
a)[	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents							
	<ul> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage</li> </ul>							
* S	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bur see the attached detailed Office action for a list	reau (PCT Rule 1	17.2(a)).		Stage			
	cknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic				application).			
_ a	)  The translation of the foreign language proaction. The translation of the foreign language proactions.	visional applicati	on has been rece	eived.	,			
Attachment		. •						
2) 🔲 Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) <u>6</u> ,	4)		(PTO-413) Paper No(s atent Application (PTO				
. Patent and Tr ΓΟ-326 (Re	ademark Office v. 04-01) Office Act	ion Summary		Part of Paper No. 7				

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#### DETAILED ACTION

## Specification

1. Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc.

2. The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because it uses the phrase "the invention of this application provides" in line 5 and repeats information given in the title in lines 1-2. Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

<sup>(</sup>a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

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(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

4. Claims 1 and 4-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Remy US 6,224,884.

Regarding claim 1, Remy '884 discloses a process for producing titanium oxide comprising hydrolyzing a titanium compound (see column 3, lines 1-38) and heating the mixture, which contains water (see column 3, lines 30-31) at 80-100 degrees Celsius followed by drying (see column 3, lines 39-46), to produce anatase titania (see column 3, lines 54-59).

Regarding claim 4, Remy '884 discloses synthesis from titanium alkoxide (see column 10, lines 55-56).

Regarding claims 5-6, Remy '884 discloses heating the mixture, which contains water (see column 3, lines 30-31) at 80-100 degrees Celsius to produce iron doped titanium oxide (see Example 1).

5. Claims 8-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Remy '884.

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Regarding claims 8-9, Remy '884 discloses a composition containing the produced anatase titania to produce a film (see abstract and column 5, lines 60-64).

6. Claims 1-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Tada et al. WO98/27021 (translated in US 6,379,776).

Regarding claim 1, Tada '776 discloses a method for making titania (see column 2, lines 48-50) comprising hydrolyzing a titanium compound (see column 6, lines 47-65 and Embodiments 2-3), and further reacting with water at 10 degrees Celsius to boiling point to form an anatase titania coating (see column 8, lines 28-38 and column 14, lines 39-45).

Regarding claims 2-4, Tada '776 discloses titanium tetraisopropoxide (see column 14, lines 25-32).

Regarding claim 5, Tada '776 discloses further reacting with water at 10 degrees Celsius to boiling point.

Regarding claim 6-7, Tada '776 discloses doping with a fluorine compound (see column 5, lines 6-17) to produce a photocatalytic film (see column 4, lines 29-30).

7. Claims 8-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Tada `776.

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Regarding claims 8-9, Tada '776 discloses an anatase titania coating (see column 8, lines 28-38 and column 14, lines 39-45) and a photocatalytic film (see column 4, lines 29-30).

8. In the event any differences can be shown for the product of the product-by-process claims 8-9, as opposed to the product taught by Remy '884 and/or Tada '776, such differences would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made as a routine modification of the product in the absence of a showing of unexpected results; see also In re Thorpe, 227 USPQ 964 (Fed.Cir. 1985).

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 9. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 10. Claims 2-3 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Remy '884.

Remy '884 fails to specifically disclose the organic polymer in the solution and forming the gel film on the substrate.

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Regarding claims 2-3, it is considered that it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate a water-soluble organic polymer into the solution in the process of Remy '884 because Remy '884 discloses incorporation of an organic polymer (see column 5, lines 13-29) when the composition is in aqueous form or solution (see column 4, lines 35-39).

Regarding claim 7, it is considered that it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to form a gel film on a substrate to produce a film in the process of Remy '884 because Remy '884 discloses forming a film and solubility on a support (see column 4, lines 28-37 and column 5, lines 60-64).

#### Conclusion

- 11. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Cogliati US 5,391,364 discloses a method for making inorganic titanium oxide gels comprising hydrolysis and reaction with water (see abstract, Examples).
- 12. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Edward M. Johnson whose telephone number is 703-305-0216. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 6:30-4:00.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stanley S. Silverman can be reached on 703-308-3837. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9310 for regular communications and 703-872-9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0661.

EMJ

August 6, 2003

STANLEY & STANDER
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1700